



Human Angiogenesis Magnetic Bead Panel 2

96-Well Plate Assay

Cat. # HANG2MAG-12K

MILLIPLEX[®] MAP

HUMAN ANGIOGENESIS MAGNETIC BEAD PANEL 2 96-Well Plate Assay

HANG2MAG-12K

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By purchasing this product, which contains fluorescently labeled microsphere beads authorized by Luminex Corporation ("Luminex"), you, the customer, acquire the right under Luminex's patent rights, if any, to use this product or any portion of this product, including without limitation the microsphere beads contained herein, only with Luminex's laser based fluorescent analytical test instrumentation marketed under the name of Luminex 100[™] IS, 200[™], HTS, FLEXMAP 3D[®], MAGPIX[®].

Human Angiogenesis Magnetic Bead Panel 2

INTRODUCTION

Angiogenesis, the development of new vascular networks, is a key process in normal growth and development as well as in wound healing, with homeostasis maintained by a delicate balance of angiogenic factors and inhibitors. Consequently, insufficient or excessive blood vessel growth underlies many diseases, including cardiovascular disease, diabetic ulcers, macular degeneration and cancer. Angiogenesis plays a significant role in tumor growth and metastasis.

In tumors, dysregulated signaling and hypoxic conditions lead to sustained, almost uncontrolled angiogenesis, a necessary component of tumor growth and metastasis. Chronic inflammation mechanisms, such as the production of reactive oxygen species during infection and secretion of pro-inflammatory cytokines, can also foster angiogenesis in tumor progression. Angiogenic signaling in tumors is similar to normal angiogenesis, mediated by soluble growth factors, membrane-bound receptors, and cell-cell and cell-matrix interactions. Such signaling regulates cell migration, which is vital to angiogenesis. However, there are multiple differences between tumor angiogenesis and normal blood vessel formation. Tumor endothelial cells proliferate faster than non-tumor endothelial cells. Tumor vasculature differs from normal vasculature in morphology, enhanced leakiness, and structural abnormalities. Finally, tumor vessels are often not capable of transporting oxygen to and removing waste products from all of the tumor tissues, resulting in frequent tumor cell necrosis.

MILLIPLEX[®] MAP offers the broadest selection of analytes across a wide range of disease states and species. Once the analytes of interest have been identified, you can rely on the quality that we build into each kit to produce results you can trust. In addition to the assay characteristics listed in the protocol, other performance criteria evaluated during the validation process include: cross-reactivity, dilution linearity, kit stability, and sample behavior (e.g. detectability and stability).

Each MILLIPLEX[®] MAP panel and kit includes:

- Quality controls (QCs) provided to qualify assay performance
- Comparison of standard (calibrator) and QC lots to a reference lot to ensure lot-to-lot consistency
- Optimized serum matrix to mimic native analyte environment
- Detection antibody cocktails designed to yield consistent analyte profiles within panel

In addition each panel and kit meets stringent manufacturing criteria to ensure batch-to-batch reproducibility. The MILLIPLEX[®] MAP Human Angiogenesis Magnetic Bead Panel 2 thus enables you to focus on the therapeutic potential of angiogenesis. Coupled with the Luminex xMAP[®] platform in a magnetic bead format, you receive the advantage of ideal speed and sensitivity, allowing quantitative multiplex detection of dozens of analytes simultaneously, which can dramatically improve productivity.

EMD Millipore's MILLIPLEX[®] MAP Human Angiogenesis Magnetic Bead Panel 2 is part of the most versatile system available for angiogenesis/vascular research. From our single to multiplex biomarker solutions, we partner with you to design, develop, analytically validate and build the most comprehensive library available for protein detection and quantitation.

- MILLIPLEX[®] MAP offers you:
 - The ability to choose any combination of analytes from our panel of 20 analytes to design a custom kit that better meets your needs.
 - A convenient “all-in-one” box format that gives you the assurance that you will have all the necessary reagents you need to run your assay.

EMD Millipore's MILLIPLEX[®] MAP Human Angiogenesis Magnetic Bead Panel 2 is a 20-plex kit to be used for the simultaneous quantification of any or all of the following analytes in serum, plasma, cell culture samples, and tissue homogenates/lysates: Angiostatin, soluble E-Selectin, (sE-Selectin), Osteopontin (OPN), Platelet Derived Growth Factor-AB/BB (PDGF-AB/BB), soluble Platelet Endothelial Cell Adhesion Molecule-1 (sPECAM-1), Tenascin C, Thrombospondin-2 (TSP-2), soluble AXL (sAXL), soluble c-Kit/Stem Cell Growth Factor Receptor (sc-Kit/SCFR), soluble Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor (sEGFR)[†], soluble Human Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor 2 (sHer2), soluble Human Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor 3 (sHer3), soluble Hepatocyte Growth Factor Receptor/c-Met (sHGFR/c-Met), soluble IL-6R α , soluble Neuropilin-1 (sNRP-1), soluble Tie-2 (sTie-2), soluble Urokinase-type Plasminogen Activator Receptor (suPAR), soluble Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor Receptor 1 (sVEGFR1), soluble Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor Receptor 2 (sVEGFR2), and soluble Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor Receptor 3 (sVEGFR3).

[†]Antibody against active site results in preferential binding to unbound EGFR.

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Please read entire protocol before use.

It is important to use same assay incubation conditions throughout your study.

PRINCIPLE

MILLIPLEX[®] MAP is based on the Luminex xMAP[®] technology — one of the fastest growing and most respected multiplex technologies offering applications throughout the life-sciences and capable of performing a variety of bioassays including immunoassays on the surface of fluorescent-coded magnetic beads known as MagPlex[®]-C microspheres.

- Luminex uses proprietary techniques to internally color-code microspheres with two fluorescent dyes. Through precise concentrations of these dyes, distinctly colored bead sets of 500 5.6 µm polystyrene microspheres or 80 6.45 µm magnetic microspheres can be created, each of which is coated with a specific capture antibody.
- After an analyte from a test sample is captured by the bead, a biotinylated detection antibody is introduced.
- The reaction mixture is then incubated with Streptavidin-PE conjugate, the reporter molecule, to complete the reaction on the surface of each microsphere.
- EMD Millipore provides three Luminex instruments to acquire and analyze data using two detection methods:
 - The Luminex analyzers Luminex 200[™] and FLEXMAP 3D[®], flow cytometry-based instruments that integrate key xMAP[®] detection components, such as lasers, optics, advanced fluidics and high-speed digital signal processors.
 - The Luminex analyzer (MAGPIX[®]), a CCD-based instrument that integrates key xMAP[®] capture and detection components with the speed and efficiency of magnetic beads.
- Each individual microsphere is identified and the result of its bioassay is quantified based on fluorescent reporter signals. EMD Millipore combines the streamlined data acquisition power of Luminex xPONENT[®] acquisition software with sophisticated analysis capabilities of the new MILLIPLEX[®] Analyst 5.1, integrating data acquisition and analysis seamlessly with all Luminex instruments.

The capability of adding multiple conjugated beads to each sample results in the ability to obtain multiple results from each sample. Open-architecture xMAP[®] technology enables multiplexing of many types of bioassays reducing time, labor and costs over traditional methods.

STORAGE CONDITIONS UPON RECEIPT

- Recommended storage for kit components is 2 - 8°C.
- For long-term storage, freeze reconstituted standards and controls at ≤ -20°C. Avoid multiple (>2) freeze/thaw cycles.
- **DO NOT FREEZE Antibody-Immobilized Beads, Detection Antibody, and Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin.**

REAGENTS SUPPLIED

Note: Store all reagents at 2 – 8°C

Reagents Supplied	Catalog Number	Volume	Quantity
Human Angiogenesis Panel 2 Standard	HAGP2-8012-2	Lyophilized	1 vial
Human Angiogenesis Panel 2 Quality Controls 1 and 2	HAGP2-6012-2	Lyophilized	1 vial each
Serum Matrix Note: Contains 0.08% Sodium Azide	MXHSM-9	Lyophilized	1 vial
Set of one 96-Well Plate with 2 sealers	-----	-----	1 plate 2 sealers
Bead Diluent	LBD-4	3.5 mL	1 vial
Assay Buffer	L-AB	30 mL	1 bottle
10X Wash Buffer Note: Contains 0.05% Proclin	L-WB	60 mL	1 bottle
Human Angiogenesis Panel 2 Detection Antibodies	HAGP2-1012-2	3.2 mL	1 bottle
Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin	L-SAPE4	3.2 mL	1 bottle
Mixing Bottle	-----	-----	1 bottle

Included Human Angiogenesis Magnetic Bead Panel 2 Antibody-Immobilized Magnetic Beads are dependent on customizable selection of analytes within the panel (see next page).

REAGENTS SUPPLIED (continued)

Human Angiogenesis Magnetic Bead Panel 2 Antibody-Immobilized Magnetic Beads:

Bead/Analyte Name	Luminex Magnetic Bead Region	Customizable 20 Analytes (20X concentration, 200 µL)	
		Available	Cat. #
anti-Angiostatin Beads	13	✓	HANGSTN-MAG
anti-sAXL Beads	15	✓	HSAXL-MAG
anti-sc-Kit/SCFR Beads	19	✓	HSCKIT-MAG
anti-sHer2 Beads	25	✓	HSHER2-MAG
anti-sHer3 Beads	26	✓	HSHER3-MAG
anti-sE-Selectin Beads	30	✓	HESEL-MAG
anti-sHGFR/c-Met Beads	33	✓	HCMET-MAG
anti-Tenascin C Beads	35	✓	HTNSCNC-MAG
anti-PDGF-AB/BB Beads	36	✓	HPDGFABBB-MAG
anti-sIL-6R α Beads	37	✓	HSIL6RA-MAG
anti-sTie-2 Beads	39	✓	HSTIE2-MAG
anti-Thrombospondin-2 Beads	42	✓	HTSP2-MAG
anti-sNeuropilin-1 Beads	46	✓	HSNRP1-MAG
anti-sEGFR Beads	48	✓	HAGSEGFR-MAG
anti-suPAR Beads	54	✓	HSUPAR-MAG
anti-sVEGFR1 Beads	55	✓	HAGSVEGFR1-MAG
anti-sVEGFR3 Beads	61	✓	HAGSVEGFR3-MAG
anti-sPECAM-1 Beads	62	✓	HPCAM1-MAG
anti-Osteopontin Beads	64	✓	H0PN-MAG
anti-sVEGFR2 Beads	72	✓	HAGSVEGFR2-MAG

MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

Reagents

1. Luminex Sheath Fluid (EMD Millipore Catalog #SHEATHFLUID) or Luminex Drive Fluid (EMD Millipore Catalog #MPXDF-4PK)

Instrumentation / Materials

1. Adjustable Pipettes with Tips capable of delivering 25 μ L to 1000 μ L
2. Multichannel Pipettes capable of delivering 5 μ L to 50 μ L or 25 μ L to 200 μ L
3. Reagent Reservoirs
4. Polypropylene Microfuge Tubes
5. Rubber Bands
6. Aluminum Foil
7. Absorbent Pads
8. Laboratory Vortex Mixer
9. Sonicator (Branson Ultrasonic Cleaner Model #B200 or equivalent)
10. Titer Plate Shaker (Lab-Line Instruments Model #4625 or equivalent)
11. Luminex 200™, HTS, FLEXMAP 3D®, or MAGPIX® with xPONENT® software by Luminex Corporation
12. Automatic Plate Washer for magnetic beads (BioTek® 405 LS and 405 TS, EMD Millipore Catalog #40-094, #40-095, #40-096, #40-097 or equivalent) or Handheld Magnetic Separation Block (EMD Millipore Catalog #40-285 or equivalent).

Note: If a plate washer or handheld magnetic separation block for magnetic beads is not available, one can use a microtiter filter plate (EMD Millipore Catalog #MX-PLATE) to run the assay using a Vacuum Filtration Unit (EMD Millipore Vacuum Manifold Catalog #MSVMHTS00 or equivalent with EMD Millipore Vacuum Pump Catalog #WP6111560 or equivalent).

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- All blood components and biological materials should be handled as potentially hazardous. Follow universal precautions as established by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration when handling and disposing of infectious agents.
- Sodium Azide or Proclin has been added to some reagents as a preservative. Although the concentrations are low, Sodium Azide and Proclin may react with lead and copper plumbing to form highly explosive metal azides. Dispose of unused contents and waste in accordance with international, federal, state, and local regulations.

See next page for Full Hazardous Label for components in this kit.

Full Hazardous Labels:

Ingredient, Cat #		Full Label	
Human Angiogenesis Panel 2 Detection Antibodies	HAGP2-1012-2		Warning. Causes serious eye irritation. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Human Angiogenesis Panel 2 Quality Control 1 & 2	HAGP2-6012-2	 	Danger. Harmful if swallowed. Causes serious eye damage. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Avoid release to the environment. Wear eye protection. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical advice/ attention.
Human Angiogenesis Panel 2 Standard	HAGP2-8012-2	 	Danger. Harmful if swallowed. Causes serious eye damage. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Avoid release to the environment. Wear eye protection. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical advice/ attention.
Serum Matrix	MXHSM-9		Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Avoid release to the environment.
LBD-4	LBD-4		Warning. Causes serious eye irritation. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin	L-SAPE4		Warning. Causes serious eye irritation. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
10X Wash Buffer	L-WB		Warning. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Wear protective gloves. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

TECHNICAL GUIDELINES

To obtain reliable and reproducible results, the operator should carefully read this entire manual and fully understand all aspects of each assay step before running the assay. The following notes should be reviewed and understood before the assay is set up.

- FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES.
- Do not use beyond the expiration date on the label.
- Do not mix or substitute reagents with those from other lots or sources.
- The Antibody-Immobilized Beads are light sensitive and must be protected from light at all times. Cover the assay plate containing beads with opaque plate lid or aluminum foil during all incubation steps.
- It is important to allow all reagents to warm to room temperature (20-25°C) before use in the assay.
- Incomplete washing can adversely affect the assay outcome. All washing must be performed with the Wash Buffer provided.
- The standards prepared by serial dilution must be used within 1 hour of preparation. Discard any unused standards except the standard stock which may be stored at $\leq -20^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 1 month and at $\leq -80^{\circ}\text{C}$ for greater than one month.
- If samples fall outside the dynamic range of the assay, further dilute the samples with the appropriate diluent and repeat the assay.
- Any unused mixed Antibody-Immobilized Beads may be stored in the Mixing Bottle at 2-8°C for up to one month.
- During the preparation of the standard curve, make certain to mix the higher concentration well before making the next dilution. Use a new tip with each dilution.
- The plate should be read immediately after the assay is finished. If, however, the plate cannot be read immediately, seal the plate, cover with aluminum foil or an opaque lid, and store the plate at 2-8°C for up to 24 hours. Prior to reading, agitate the plate on the plate shaker at room temperature for 10 minutes. Delay in reading a plate may result in decreased sensitivity for some analytes.
- The titer plate shaker should be set at a speed to provide maximum orbital mixing without splashing of liquid outside the wells. For the recommended plate shaker, this would be a setting of 5-7 which is approximately 500-800 rpm.
- Ensure that the needle probe is clean. This may be achieved by sonication and/or alcohol flushes.
- When reading the assay on Luminex 200™, adjust probe height according to the protocols recommended by Luminex to the kit solid plate or to the recommended EMD Millipore filter plates using 3 alignment discs. When reading the assay on MAGPIX®, adjust probe height according to the protocols recommended by Luminex to the kit solid plate or to the recommended EMD Millipore filter plates using 2 alignment discs. When reading the assay on FLEXMAP 3D®, adjust probe height according to the protocols recommended by Luminex to the kit solid plate using 1 alignment disc. For FLEXMAP 3D® when using the solid plate in the kit, the final resuspension should be with 150 μL Sheath Fluid in each well and 75 μL should be aspirated.
- For cell culture supernatants or tissue extraction, use the culture or extraction medium as the matrix solution in background, standard curve and control wells. If samples are diluted in Assay Buffer, use the Assay Buffer as matrix.

TECHNICAL GUIDELINES (continued)

- For serum/plasma samples that require further dilution beyond 1:5, use the Assay Buffer provided in the kit.
- For cell/tissue homogenate, the final cell or tissue homogenate should be prepared in a buffer that has a neutral pH, contains minimal detergents or strong denaturing detergents, and has an ionic strength close to physiological concentration. Avoid debris, lipids, and cell/tissue aggregates. Centrifuge samples before use.
- Vortex all reagents well before adding to plate.

SAMPLE COLLECTION AND STORAGE

A. Preparation of Serum Samples:

- Allow the blood to clot for at least 30 minutes before centrifugation for 10 minutes at 1000xg. Remove serum and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at $\leq -20^{\circ}\text{C}$.
- Avoid multiple (>2) freeze/thaw cycles.
- When using frozen samples, it is recommended to thaw the samples completely, mix well by vortexing and centrifuge prior to use in the assay to remove particulates.
- Serum samples should be diluted 1:5 in the Assay Buffer provided in the kit. For example, in a tube, 20 μL of serum may be combined with 80 μL of Assay Buffer. When further dilution beyond 1:5 is required, use Assay Buffer as the diluent.

B. Preparation of Plasma Samples:

- Plasma collection using EDTA as an anti-coagulant is recommended. Centrifuge for 10 minutes at 1000xg within 30 minutes of blood collection. Remove plasma and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at $\leq -20^{\circ}\text{C}$.
- Avoid multiple (>2) freeze/thaw cycles.
- When using frozen samples, it is recommended to thaw the samples completely, mix well by vortexing and centrifuge prior to use in the assay to remove particulates.
- Plasma samples should be diluted 1:5 in the Assay Buffer provided in the kit. For example, in a tube, 20 μL of plasma may be combined with 80 μL of Assay Buffer. When further dilution beyond 1:5 is required, use Assay Buffer as the diluent.

C. Preparation of Tissue Culture Supernatant:

- Centrifuge the sample to remove debris and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at $\leq -20^{\circ}\text{C}$.
- Avoid multiple (>2) freeze/thaw cycles.
- Tissue culture supernatant may require a dilution with an appropriate control medium prior to assay. Tissue/cell extracts should be done in neutral buffers containing reagents and conditions that do not interfere with assay performance. Excess concentrations of detergent, salt, denaturants, high or low pH, etc. will negatively affect the assay. Organic solvents should be avoided. The tissue/cell extract samples should be free of particles such as cells or tissue debris.

SAMPLE COLLECTION AND STORAGE (continued)

NOTE:

- A maximum of 25 μL per well of diluted serum or plasma can be used. Tissue culture or other media may also be used.
- All samples must be stored in polypropylene tubes. **DO NOT STORE SAMPLES IN GLASS.**
- Avoid debris, lipids and cells when using samples with gross hemolysis or lipemia.
- Care must be taken when using heparin as an anti-coagulant since an excess of heparin will provide falsely high values. Use no more than 10 IU heparin per mL of blood collected.

PREPARATION OF REAGENTS FOR IMMUNOASSAY

A. Preparation of Antibody-Immobilized Beads

For individual vials of beads, sonicate each antibody-bead vial for 30 seconds; vortex for 1 minute. Add 150 μL from each antibody-bead vial to the Mixing Bottle and bring final volume to 3.0 mL with Bead Diluent. Vortex the mixed beads well. Unused portion may be stored at 2-8°C for up to one month. (Note: Due to the composition of magnetic beads, you may notice a slight color in the bead solution. This does not affect the performance of the beads or the kit.)

Example 1: When using 7 antibody-immobilized beads, add 150 μL from each of the 7 bead vials to the Mixing Bottle. Then add 1950 mL Bead Diluent.

Example 2: When using 15 antibody-immobilized beads, add 150 μL from each of the 15 bead vials to the Mixing Bottle. Then add 750 mL Bead Diluent.

Example 3: When using 20 antibody-immobilized beads, add 150 μL from each of the 20 bead vials to the Mixing Bottle. No additional Bead Diluent is required.

B. Preparation of Quality Controls

Before use, reconstitute Quality Control 1 and Quality Control 2 with 250 μL deionized water. Invert the vial several times to mix and vortex. Allow the vial to sit for 5-10 minutes. Unused portion may be stored at $\leq -20^\circ\text{C}$ for up to one month.

C. Preparation of Wash Buffer

Bring the 10X Wash Buffer to room temperature and mix to bring all salts into solution. Dilute 60 mL of 10X Wash Buffer with 540 mL deionized water. Store the unused portion at 2-8°C for up to one month.

D. Preparation of Serum Matrix

This step is required for serum or plasma samples only.

Add 1.0 mL deionized water to the bottle containing lyophilized Serum Matrix. Mix well. Allow at least 10 minutes for complete reconstitution. Leftover reconstituted Serum Matrix should be stored at $\leq -20^\circ\text{C}$ for up to one month.

SAMPLE COLLECTION AND STORAGE (continued)

E. Preparation of Human Angiogenesis Panel 2 Standard

1.) Prior to use, reconstitute the Human Angiogenesis Panel 2 Standard with 250 μL deionized water. Refer to table below for analyte concentrations. Invert the vial several times to mix. Vortex the vial for 10 seconds. Allow the vial to sit for 5-10 minutes. This will be used as Standard 7; the unused portion may be stored at $\leq -20^{\circ}\text{C}$ for up to one month.

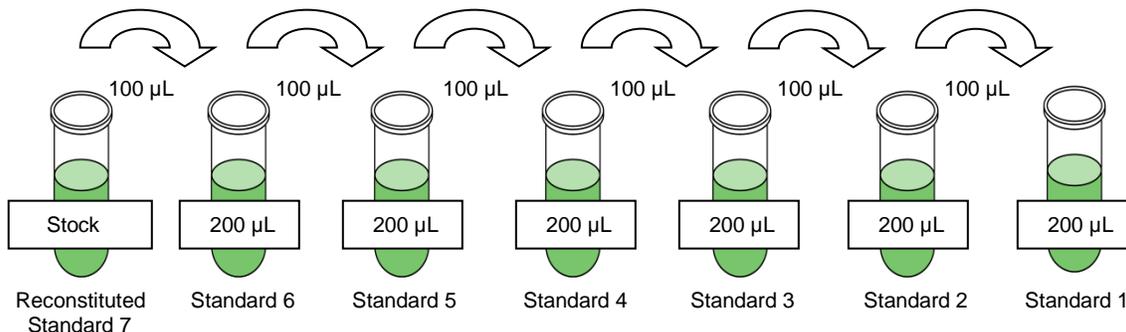
2). Preparation of Working Standards

Label 6 polypropylene microfuge tubes Standard 1 through Standard 6. Add 200 μL of Assay Buffer to each of the 6 tubes. Prepare serial dilutions by adding 100 μL of the reconstituted standard to the Standard 6 tube, mix well and transfer 100 μL of Standard 6 to the Standard 5 tube, mix well and transfer 100 μL of Standard 5 to the Standard 4 tube, mix well and transfer 100 μL of Standard 4 to the Standard 3 tube, mix well and transfer 100 μL of Standard 3 to the Standard 2 tube, mix well and transfer 100 μL of Standard 2 to the Standard 1 tube and mix well. The 0 pg/mL standard (Background) will be Assay Buffer.

Standard #	Volume of Deionized Water to Add	Volume of Standard to Add
Standard 7	250 μL	0

Standard #	Volume of Assay Buffer to Add	Volume of Standard to Add
Standard 6	200 μL	100 μL of Standard 7
Standard 5	200 μL	100 μL of Standard 6
Standard 4	200 μL	100 μL of Standard 5
Standard 3	200 μL	100 μL of Standard 4
Standard 2	200 μL	100 μL of Standard 3
Standard 1	200 μL	100 μL of Standard 2

Preparation of Standards



SAMPLE COLLECTION AND STORAGE (continued)

Standard	PDGF-AB/BB (pg/mL)	sAXL, sHer3, sVEGFR1 (pg/mL)	Tenascin C, sIL-6Rα, sTie-2, sPECAM-1 (pg/mL)	sc-Kit/SCFR, sHer2, sEGFR, OPN (pg/mL)
Standard 1	7	14	27	41
Standard 2	21	41	82	123
Standard 3	62	123	247	370
Standard 4	185	370	741	1,111
Standard 5	556	1,111	2,222	3,333
Standard 6	1,667	3,333	6,667	10,000
Standard 7	5,000	10,000	20,000	30,000

Standard	sHGFR/c-Met (pg/mL)	TSP-2, suPAR, sVEGFR2 (pg/mL)	Angiostatin, sE- Selectin, sNRP-1 (pg/mL)	sVEGFR3 (pg/mL)
Standard 1	69	137	274	412
Standard 2	206	412	823	1,235
Standard 3	617	1,235	2,469	3,704
Standard 4	1,852	3,704	7,407	11,111
Standard 5	5,556	11,111	22,222	33,333
Standard 6	16,667	33,333	66,667	100,000
Standard 7	50,000	100,000	200,000	300,000

IMMUNOASSAY PROCEDURE

- Prior to beginning this assay, it is imperative to read this protocol completely and to thoroughly understand the Technical Guidelines.
- Allow all reagents to warm to room temperature (20-25°C) before use in the assay.
- Diagram the placement of Standards [0 (Background), Standard 1 through 7], Controls 1 and 2, and Samples on Well Map Worksheet in a vertical configuration. (Note: Most instruments will read only the 96-well plate vertically by default.) It is recommended to run the assay in duplicate.
- If using a filter plate, set the filter plate on a plate holder at all times during reagent dispensing and incubation steps so that the bottom of the plate does not touch any surface.

1. Add 200 μ L of Assay Buffer into each well of the plate. Seal and mix on a plate shaker for 10 minutes at room temperature (20-25°C).
2. Decant Assay Buffer and remove the residual amount from all wells by inverting the plate and tapping it smartly onto absorbent towels several times.
3. Add 25 μ L of each Standard or Control into the appropriate wells. Assay Buffer should be used for 0 pg/mL standard (Background).
4. Add 25 μ L of Assay Buffer to the sample wells.
5. Add 25 μ L of appropriate matrix solution to the background, standards, and control wells. When assaying serum or plasma, use the Serum Matrix. When assaying tissue culture or other supernatant, use proper control culture medium as the matrix solution.
6. Add 25 μ L of Sample (diluted) into the appropriate wells.
7. Vortex Mixing Bottle and add 25 μ L of the Mixed Beads to each well. (Note: During addition of Beads, shake bead bottle intermittently to avoid settling.)
8. Seal the plate with a plate sealer. Wrap the plate with foil and incubate with agitation on a plate shaker overnight (16-18 hours) at 2-8°C.

Add 200 μ L Assay Buffer per well



Shake 10 min, RT
Decant

- Add 25 μ L Standard or Control to appropriate wells
- Add 25 μ L Assay Buffer to background and sample wells
- Add 25 μ L appropriate matrix solution to background, standards, and control wells
- Add 25 μ L diluted Samples to sample wells
- Add 25 μ L Beads to each well



Incubate overnight (16-18 hours) at 2-8°C

9. Gently remove well contents and wash plate 3 times following instructions listed in the **PLATE WASHING** section.
10. Add 25 μL of Detection Antibodies into each well. (Note: Allow the Detection Antibodies to warm to room temperature prior to addition.)
11. Seal, cover with foil and incubate with agitation on a plate shaker for one hour at room temperature (20-25°C). **DO NOT ASPIRATE AFTER INCUBATION.**
12. Add 25 μL Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin to each well containing the 25 μL of Detection Antibodies.
13. Seal, cover with foil and incubate with agitation on a plate shaker for 30 minutes at room temperature (20-25°C).
14. Gently remove well contents and wash plate 3 times following instructions listed in the **PLATE WASHING** section.
15. Add 100 μL of Sheath Fluid (or Drive Fluid if using MAGPIX®) to all wells. Resuspend the beads on a plate shaker for 5 minutes.
16. Run plate on Luminex 200™, HTS, FLEXMAP 3D® or MAGPIX® with xPONENT® software.
17. Save and analyze the Median Fluorescent Intensity (MFI) data using a 5-parameter logistic or spline curve-fitting method for calculating analyte concentrations in samples. (Note: For diluted samples, final sample concentrations should be multiplied by the dilution factor. For samples diluted as per protocol instructions, multiply by 5. If using another dilution factor, multiple by the appropriate dilution factor.)



Remove well contents and wash 3X with 200 μL Wash Buffer

Add 25 μL Detection Antibodies per well



Incubate 1 hour at RT

Do Not Aspirate

Add 25 μL Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin per well



Incubate for 30 minutes at RT

Remove well contents and wash 3X with 200 μL Wash Buffer

Add 100 μL Sheath Fluid or Drive Fluid per well

Read on Luminex (50 μL , 50 beads per bead set)

PLATE WASHING

1.) Solid Plate

If using a solid plate, use either a handheld magnet or magnetic plate washer.

- A.) Handheld magnet (**EMD Millipore Catalog #40-285**) - Rest plate on magnet for 60 seconds to allow complete settling of magnetic beads. Remove well contents by gently decanting the plate in an appropriate waste receptacle and gently tapping on absorbent pads to remove residual liquid. Wash plate with 200 μ L of Wash Buffer by removing plate from magnet, adding Wash Buffer, shaking for 30 seconds, reattaching to magnet, letting beads settle for 60 seconds and removing well contents as previously described after each wash. Repeat wash steps as recommended in Assay Procedure.
- B.) Magnetic plate washer (**EMD Millipore Catalog #40-094, #40-095, #40-096 and #40-097**) - Please refer to specific automatic plate washer manual for appropriate equipment settings. Please note that after the final aspiration, there will be approximately 25 μ L of residual wash buffer in each well. This is expected when using the BioTek plate washer and this volume does not need to be aspirated from the plate.

If using an automatic plate washer other than BioTek® 405 LS or 405 TS, please refer to the manufacturer's recommendations for programming instructions.

2.) Filter Plate (EMD Millipore Catalog #MX-PLATE)

If using a filter plate, use a vacuum filtration manifold to remove well contents. Wash plate with 200 μ L/well of Wash Buffer, removing Wash Buffer by vacuum filtration after each wash. Repeat wash steps as recommended in the Assay Procedure.

EQUIPMENT SETTINGS

Luminex 200™, HTS, FLEXMAP 3D®, and MAGPIX® with xPONENT® software:

These specifications are for the Luminex 200™, Luminex HTS, Luminex FLEXMAP 3D®, and Luminex MAGPIX® with xPONENT® software. Luminex instruments with other software (e.g. MasterPlex®, STarStation, LiquiChip, Bio-Plex Manager™, LABScan™ 100) would need to follow instrument instructions for gate settings and additional specifications from the vendors for reading Luminex magnetic beads.

For magnetic bead assays, the Luminex 200™ and HTS instruments must be calibrated with the xPONENT® 3.1 compatible Calibration Kit (EMD Millipore Catalog #40-275) and performance verified with the Performance Verification Kit (EMD Millipore Catalog #40-276). The Luminex FLEXMAP 3D® instrument must be calibrated with the FLEXMAP 3D® Calibrator Kit (EMD Millipore Catalog #40-028) and performance verified with the FLEXMAP 3D® Performance Verification Kit (EMD Millipore Catalog #40-029). The Luminex MAGPIX® instrument must be calibrated with the MAGPIX® Calibration Kit (EMD Millipore Catalog #40-049) and performance verified with the MAGPIX® Performance Verification Kit (EMD Millipore Catalog #40-050).

NOTE: When setting up a Protocol using the xPONENT® software, you must select MagPlex as the Bead Type in the Acquisition settings.

NOTE: These assays cannot be run on any instruments using Luminex IS 2.3 or Luminex 1.7 software.

EQUIPMENT SETTINGS (continued)

The Luminex probe height must be adjusted to the plate provided in the kit. Please use Catalog #MAG-PLATE, if additional plates are required for this purpose.

Events:	50, per bead	
Sample Size:	50 μ L	
Gate Settings:	8,000 to 15,000	
Reporter Gain:	Default (low PMT)	
Time Out:	60 seconds	
Bead Set:	Customizable 20-plex Beads	
	Angiostatin	13
	sAXL	15
	sc-Kit/SCFR	19
	sHer2	25
	sHer3	26
	sE-Selectin	30
	sHGFR/c-Met	33
	Tenascin C	35
	PDGF-AB/BB	36
	sIL-6R α	37
	sTie-2	39
	Thrombospondin-2	42
	sNeuropilin-1	46
	sEGFR	48
	suPAR	54
	sVEGFR1	55
	sVEGFR3	61
	sPECAM-1	62
	Osteopontin	64
	sVEGFR2	72

QUALITY CONTROLS

The ranges for each analyte in Quality Control 1 and 2 are provided on the card insert or can be located at the EMD Millipore Corporation website www.emdmillipore.com using the catalog number as the keyword.

ASSAY CHARACTERISTICS

Cross-Reactivity

There was no or negligible cross-reactivity between the antibodies for an analyte and any of the other analytes in this panel.

Assay Sensitivities (minimum detectable concentrations, pg/mL)

Minimum Detectable Concentration (MinDC) is calculated using MILLIPLEX® Analyst 5.1. It measures the true limits of detection for an assay by mathematically determining what the empirical MinDC would be if an infinite number of standard concentrations were run for the assay under the same conditions.

Analyte	Overnight Protocol (n = 9 Assays)	
	MinDC (pg/mL)	MinDC+2SD (pg/mL)
Angiostatin	348.3	1081.9
sAXL	2.7	5.6
sc-Kit/SCFR	10.5	30.5
sHer2	5.0	11.9
sHer3	6.1	17.9
sE-Selectin	116.6	247.8
sHGFR/c-Met	10.4	24.2
Tenascin C	6.2	20.2
PDGF-AB/BB	6.4	24.2
sIL-6R α	7.4	15.1
sTie-2	12.2	35.9
Thrombospondin-2	23.5	118.6
sNeuropilin-1	54.9	151.0
sEGFR	16.0	37.9
suPAR	36.9	129.5
sVEGFR1	2.1	5.1
sVEGFR3	82.9	233.0
sPECAM-1	6.3	15.5
Osteopontin	29.6	73.9
sVEGFR2	19.2	42.9

ASSAY CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Precision

Intra-assay precision is generated from the mean of the %CV's from 8 reportable results across two different concentrations of analytes in a single assay. Inter-assay precision is generated from the mean of the %CV's across two different concentrations of analytes across 9 different assays.

Analyte	Overnight Protocol	
	Intra-assay %CV	Inter-assay %CV
Angiostatin	<10%	<15%
sAXL	<10%	<15%
sc-Kit/SCFR	<10%	<15%
sHer2	<10%	<15%
sHer3	<10%	<15%
sE-Selectin	<10%	<15%
sHGFR/c-Met	<10%	<15%
Tenascin C	<10%	<15%
PDGF-AB/BB	<15%	<15%
sIL-6R α	<10%	<15%
sTie-2	<10%	<15%
Thrombospondin-2	<10%	<15%
sNeuropilin-1	<10%	<15%
sEGFR	<10%	<15%
suPAR	<10%	<15%
sVEGFR1	<10%	<15%
sVEGFR3	<10%	<15%
sPECAM-1	<10%	<15%
Osteopontin	<10%	<15%
sVEGFR2	<10%	<15%

ASSAY CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Accuracy

Spike Recovery: The data represent mean percent recovery of spiked standards ranging from low, medium, and high concentration in serum matrices (n=5).

Analyte	Overnight Protocol
	% Recovery in Serum Matrix
Angiostatin	90
sAXL	96
sc-Kit/SCFR	94
sHer2	94
sHer3	88
sE-Selectin	88
sHGFR/c-Met	96
Tenascin C	94
PDGF-AB/BB	95
sIL-6R α	96
sTie-2	96
Thrombospondin-2	95
sNeuropilin-1	95
sEGFR	94
suPAR	92
sVEGFR1	96
sVEGFR3	97
sPECAM-1	96
Osteopontin	97
sVEGFR2	96

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

Problem	Probable Cause	Solution
Insufficient bead count	Plate washer aspirate height set too low	Adjust aspiration height according to manufacturers' instructions.
	Bead mix prepared inappropriately	Sonicate bead vials and vortex just prior to adding to bead mix bottle according to protocol. Agitate bead mix intermittently in reservoir while pipetting this into the plate.
	Samples cause interference due to particulate matter or viscosity	See above. Also sample probe may need to be cleaned with alcohol flushes, back flushes and washes; or, if needed, probe should be removed and sonicated.
	Probe height not adjusted correctly	When reading the assay on Luminex 200™, adjust probe height to the kit solid plate or to the recommended EMD Millipore filter plates using 3 alignment discs. When reading the assay on MAGPIX®, adjust probe height to the kit solid plate or to the recommended EMD Millipore filter plates using 2 alignment discs. When reading the assay on FLEXMAP 3D®, adjust probe height to the kit solid plate using 1 alignment disc. For FLEXMAP 3D® when using the solid plate in the kit, the final resuspension should be with 150 µL Sheath Fluid in each well and 75 µL should be aspirated.
Background is too high	Background wells were contaminated	Avoid cross-well contamination by using sealer appropriately and pipetting with multichannel pipettes without touching reagent in plate.
	Matrix used has endogenous analyte or interference	Check matrix ingredients for cross-reacting components (e.g. interleukin modified tissue culture medium).
	Insufficient washes	Increase number of washes.
Beads not in region or gate	Luminex instrument not calibrated correctly or recently	Calibrate Luminex instrument based on manufacturer's instructions, at least once a week or if temperature has changed by >3°C.
	Gate settings not adjusted correctly	Some Luminex instruments (e.g. Bio-Plex®) require different gate settings than those described in the kit protocol. Use instrument default settings.
	Wrong bead regions in protocol template	Check kit protocol for correct bead regions or analyte selection.
	Incorrect sample type used	Samples containing organic solvents or if highly viscous should be diluted or dialyzed as required.
	Instrument not washed or primed	Prime the Luminex instrument 4 times to rid it of air bubbles, wash 4 times with sheath fluid or water if there is any remnant alcohol or sanitizing liquid.

	Beads were exposed to light	Keep plate and bead mix covered with dark lid or aluminum foil during all incubation steps.
Signal for whole plate is same as background	Incorrect or no Detection Antibody was added Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin was not added	Add appropriate Detection Antibody and continue. Add Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin according to protocol. If Detection Antibody has already been removed, sensitivity may be low.
Low signal for standard curve	Detection Antibody may have been removed prior to adding Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin Incubations done at inappropriate temperatures, timings or agitation	May need to repeat assay if desired sensitivity not achieved. Assay conditions need to be checked.
Signals too high, standard curves are saturated	Calibration target value set too high Plate incubation was too long with standard curve and samples	With some Luminex instruments (e.g. Bio-Plex®) default target setting for RP1 calibrator is set at high PMT. Use low target value for calibration and reanalyze plate. Use shorter incubation time.
Sample readings are out of range	Samples contain no or below detectable levels of analyte Samples contain analyte concentrations higher than highest standard point Standard curve was saturated at higher end of curve	If below detectable levels, it may be possible to use higher sample volume. Check with technical support for appropriate protocol modifications. Samples may require dilution and reanalysis for just that particular analyte. See above.
High variation in samples and/or standards	Multichannel pipette may not be calibrated Plate washing was not uniform Samples may have high particulate matter or other interfering substances Plate agitation was insufficient Cross-well contamination	Calibrate pipettes. Confirm all reagents are removed completely in all wash steps. See above. Plate should be agitated during all incubation steps using an orbital plate shaker at a speed where beads are in constant motion without causing splashing. Check when reusing plate sealer that no reagent has touched sealer. Care should be taken when using same pipette tips that are used for reagent additions and that pipette tip does not touch reagent in plate.

FOR FILTER PLATES ONLY		
Problem	Probable Cause	Solution
Filter plate will not vacuum	Vacuum pressure is insufficient	Increase vacuum pressure such that 0.2 mL buffer can be suctioned in 3-5 seconds.
	Samples have insoluble particles	Centrifuge samples just prior to assay set-up and use supernatant.
	High lipid concentration	After centrifugation, remove lipid layer and use supernatant.
Plate leaked	Vacuum pressure too high	Adjust vacuum pressure such that 0.2 mL buffer can be suctioned in 3-5 seconds. May need to transfer contents to a new (blocked) plate and continue.
	Plate set directly on table or absorbent towels during incubations or reagent additions	Set plate on plate holder or raised edge so bottom of filter is not touching any surface.
	Insufficient blotting of filter plate bottom causing wicking	Blot the bottom of the filter plate well with absorbent towels after each wash step.
	Pipette touching plate filter during additions	Pipette to the side of plate.
	Probe height not adjusted correctly	Adjust probe to 3 alignment discs in well H6.
	Sample too viscous	May need to dilute sample.

REPLACEMENT REAGENTS**Catalog #**

Human Angiogenesis Panel 2 Standard	HAGP2-8012-2
Human Angiogenesis Panel 2 Quality Controls 1 and 2	HAGP2-6012-2
Serum Matrix	MXHSM-9
Human Angiogenesis Panel 2 Detection Antibodies	HAGP2-1012-2
Bead Diluent	LBD-4
Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin	L-SAPE4
Assay Buffer	L-AB
Set of two 96-Well plates with sealers	MAG-PLATE
10X Wash Buffer	L-WB

Antibody-Immobilized Magnetic Beads

<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Bead #</u>	<u>Cat. #</u>
Angiostatin	13	HANGSTN-MAG
sAXL	15	HSAXL-MAG
sc-Kit/SCFR	19	HCKIT-MAG
sHer2	25	HSHER2-MAG
sHer3	26	HSHER3-MAG
sE-Selectin	30	HESEL-MAG
sHGFR/c-Met	33	HCMET-MAG
Tenascin C	35	HTNSCNC-MAG
PDGF-AB/BB	36	HPDGFABBB-MAG
sIL-6R α	37	HSIL6RA-MAG
sTie-2	39	HSTIE2-MAG
Thrombospondin-2	42	HTSP2-MAG
sNeuropilin-1	46	HSNRP1-MAG
sEGFR	48	HAGSEGFR-MAG
suPAR	54	HSUPAR-MAG
sVEGFR1	55	HAGSVEGFR1-MAG
sVEGFR3	61	HAGSVEGFR3-MAG
sPECAM-1	62	HPCAM1-MAG
Osteopontin	64	HOPN-MAG
sVEGFR2	72	HAGSVEGFR2-MAG

ORDERING INFORMATION

To place an order:

To assure the clarity of your custom kit order, please FAX the following information to our customer service department:

Include:

- Your name, telephone and/or fax number
- Customer account number
- Shipping and billing address
- Purchase order number
- Catalog number and description of product
- Quantity of kits
- Selection of MILLIPLEX® Analytes

FAX: (636) 441-8050

Toll-Free US: (866) 441-8400
(636) 441-8400

Mail Orders: EMD Millipore Corporation
6 Research Park Drive
St. Charles, Missouri 63304 U.S.A.

For European Customers:

To best serve our European customers in placing an order or obtaining additional information about MILLIPLEX® MAP products, please contact your multiplex specialist or sales representative or email our European Customer Service at:

Austria	AUCustomerService@merckgroup.com
Belgium	BENLCustomerService@merckgroup.com
Denmark	denmark@merckgroup.com
France	FRCustomerService@merckgroup.com
Finland	Asiakaspalvelu@merckgroup.com
Germany	GECustomerService@merckgroup.com
Ireland	IECustomerService@merckgroup.com
Italy	CSR-IT@merckgroup.com
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Spain	pedidos@merckgroup.com
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ORDERING INFORMATION (continued)

Conditions of Sale

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS)

Material Safety Data Sheets for EMD Millipore products may be ordered by fax or phone or through our website at www.emdmillipore.com/techlibrary/index.do.

Technical Services

<http://www.emdmillipore.com/techservices>

To contact by phone

For North America: Toll-Free US: 1-(800) 221-1975 or 1-(781) 533-8045

Outside North America, contact your local office

<http://www.emdmillipore.com/offices>

WELL MAP

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
A	0 pg/mL Standard (Background)	Standard 4	QC-1 Control	Etc.								
B	0 pg/mL Standard (Background)	Standard 4	QC-1 Control									
C	Standard 1	Standard 5	QC-2 Control									
D	Standard 1	Standard 5	QC-2 Control									
E	Standard 2	Standard 6	Sample 1									
F	Standard 2	Standard 6	Sample 1									
G	Standard 3	Standard 7	Sample 2									
H	Standard 3	Standard 7	Sample 2									