

**Rat Vascular Injury  
Magnetic Bead Panel 1**

**96-Well Plate Assay**

**Cat. # RV1MAG-26K**

# MILLIPLEX<sup>®</sup> MAP

## RAT VASCULAR INJURY MAGNETIC BEAD PANEL 1 96-Well Plate Assay

# RV1MAG-26K

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By purchasing this product, which contains fluorescently labeled microsphere beads authorized by Luminex Corporation ("Luminex"), you, the customer, acquire the right under Luminex's patent rights, if any, to use this product or any portion of this product, including without limitation the microsphere beads contained herein, only with Luminex's laser based fluorescent analytical test instrumentation marketed under the name of Luminex 100<sup>™</sup> IS, 200<sup>™</sup>, HTS, FLEXMAP 3D<sup>®</sup>, MAGPIX<sup>®</sup>.

# Rat Vascular Injury Magnetic Bead Panel 1

## INTRODUCTION

Vascular injury is important to address during the preclinical safety study of drugs. A lack of well-defined mechanisms of drug-induced vascular injury (DIVI) in animals, and the absence of specific, qualified biomarkers have become significant barriers in the development of new therapeutic treatments. In the past, hemodynamics, such as heart rate and mean arterial blood pressure, were used to measure DIVI risks but these only targeted single biomarkers. Today, some of the known vascular injury mechanisms are related to vascular wall shear and/or circumferential “hoop” stress, drug/chemical toxicity, and immunological mediation. With these known biomechanics, primary targets (smooth muscle, endothelial, and immune-mediated cells) yield a number of promising candidate biomarkers for DIVI study. However, any effort to further validate and evaluate these biomarkers is impeded by the lack of qualified high throughput assays.

Using Luminex xMAP<sup>®</sup> technology, EMD Millipore has developed a series of multiplex panels of several vascular injury markers which enable researchers to detect and understand vascular injury much earlier. Magnetic beads can make the process of automation and high throughput screening easier with features such as walk-away washing. Advantages even outside automation include:

- More flexible plate and plate washer options
- Improved performance with turbid serum/plasma
- Automated washing eliminates technical obstacles (i.e., clogging of wells that contain viscous samples) which may result during vacuum manifold/manual washing

Therefore, the **MILLIPLEX<sup>®</sup> MAP Rat Vascular Injury Magnetic Bead Panel 1** enables you to focus on the therapeutic potential of vascular injury markers. Coupled with the Luminex xMAP<sup>®</sup> platform in a **magnetic bead** format, you receive the advantage of ideal speed and sensitivity, allowing quantitative multiplex detection of dozens of analytes simultaneously, which can dramatically improve productivity.

EMD Millipore's MILLIPLEX<sup>®</sup> MAP Rat Vascular Injury Magnetic Bead Panel 1 is the most versatile system available for rat vascular injury research. MILLIPLEX<sup>®</sup> MAP offers you the ability to choose any combination of analytes from our panel of 9 analytes to design a custom kit that better meets your needs. A convenient “all in one” box format gives you the assurance that you will have all the necessary reagents you need to run your assay.

EMD Millipore's MILLIPLEX<sup>®</sup> MAP Rat Vascular Injury Magnetic Bead Panel 1 is a 9-plex kit to be used for the simultaneous quantification of any or all of the following analytes in serum and plasma samples: Caveolin-1 (Cav-1), CINC-1/GRO/KC, CTGF, IL-6, MCP-1, PAI-1 (total), TIMP-1, TNF- $\alpha$  and VEGF.

***For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.***

***Please read entire protocol before use.***

***It is important to use same assay incubation conditions throughout your study.***

## PRINCIPLE

MILLIPLEX<sup>®</sup> MAP is based on the Luminex xMAP<sup>®</sup> technology — one of the fastest growing and most respected multiplex technologies offering applications throughout the life-sciences and capable of performing a variety of bioassays including immunoassays on the surface of fluorescent-coded magnetic beads known as MagPlex<sup>®</sup>-C microspheres.

- Luminex uses proprietary techniques to internally color-code microspheres with two fluorescent dyes. Through precise concentrations of these dyes, distinctly colored bead sets of 500 5.6 µm polystyrene microspheres or 80 6.45 µm magnetic microspheres can be created, each of which is coated with a specific capture antibody.
- After an analyte from a test sample is captured by the bead, a biotinylated detection antibody is introduced.
- The reaction mixture is then incubated with Streptavidin-PE conjugate, the reporter molecule, to complete the reaction on the surface of each microsphere.
- EMD Millipore provides three Luminex instruments to acquire and analyze data using two detection methods:
  - The Luminex analyzers Luminex 200™ and FLEXMAP 3D<sup>®</sup>, flow cytometry-based instruments that integrate key xMAP<sup>®</sup> detection components, such as lasers, optics, advanced fluidics and high-speed digital signal processors.
  - The Luminex analyzer (MAGPIX<sup>®</sup>), a CCD-based instrument that integrates key xMAP<sup>®</sup> capture and detection components with the speed and efficiency of magnetic beads.
- Each individual microsphere is identified and the result of its bioassay is quantified based on fluorescent reporter signals. EMD Millipore combines the streamlined data acquisition power of Luminex xPONENT<sup>®</sup> acquisition software with sophisticated analysis capabilities of the new MILLIPLEX<sup>®</sup> Analyst 5.1, integrating data acquisition and analysis seamlessly with all Luminex instruments.

The capability of adding multiple conjugated beads to each sample results in the ability to obtain multiple results from each sample. Open-architecture xMAP<sup>®</sup> technology enables multiplexing of many types of bioassays reducing time, labor and costs over traditional methods.

## STORAGE CONDITIONS UPON RECEIPT

- Recommended storage for kit components is 2 - 8°C.
- For long-term storage, freeze reconstituted standards and controls at ≤ -20°C. Avoid multiple (>2) freeze/thaw cycles.
- **DO NOT FREEZE Antibody-Immobilized Beads, Detection Antibody, and Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin.**

## REAGENTS SUPPLIED

**Note: Store all reagents at 2 – 8°C**

Reagents Supplied	Catalog Number	Volume	Quantity
Rat Vascular Injury Magnetic Bead Panel 1 Standard	RV1-8026	Lyophilized	1 vial
Rat Vascular Injury Magnetic Bead Panel 1 Quality Controls 1 and 2	RV1-6026	Lyophilized	1 vial each
Serum Matrix Note: Contains 0.08% Sodium Azide	MXMSM-6	Lyophilized	1 vial
Set of one 96-Well Plate with 2 sealers	-----	-----	1 plate 2 sealers
Assay Buffer	L-AB	30 mL	1 bottle
10X Wash Buffer Note: Contains 0.05% Proclin	L-WB	30 mL	2 bottles
Rat Vascular Injury Magnetic Bead Panel 1 Detection Antibodies	RV1-1026	5.5 mL	1 bottle
Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin	MC-SAPE4	5.5 mL	1 bottle
Mixing Bottle	-----	-----	1 bottle

**Included Rat Vascular Injury Magnetic Bead Panel 1 Antibody-Immobilized Beads are dependent on customizable selection of analytes within the panel (see below).**

### Rat Vascular Injury Magnetic Bead Panel 1 Antibody-Immobilized Magnetic Beads:

Bead/Analyte Name	Luminex Magnetic Bead Region	Customizable 9 Analytes (20X concentration, 200 µL)	
		Available	Cat. #
Anti-Rat CAV-1 Bead	15	✓	RCVLN-MAG
Anti-Rat CTGF Bead	26	✓	RCTGF-MAG
Anti-Rat IL-6 Bead	35	✓	RIL6-MAG
Anti-Rat MCP-1 Bead	56	✓	RMMCP1-MAG
Anti-Rat TNF-α Bead	65	✓	RMTNFA-MAG
Anti-Rat GRO/KC/CINC-1 Bead	72	✓	RVIGRKC-MAG
Anti-Rat TIMP-1 Bead	74	✓	RTIMP1-MAG
Anti-Rat tPAI-1 Bead	75	✓	RPAI1T-MAG
Anti-Rat VEGF Bead	76	✓	RVEGF-MAG

## **MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED**

### Reagents

1. Luminex Sheath Fluid (Luminex Catalog #40-50000) or Luminex Drive Fluid (Luminex Catalog #MPXDF-4PK)

### Instrumentation / Materials

1. Adjustable Pipettes with Tips capable of delivering 25  $\mu$ L to 1000  $\mu$ L
2. Multichannel Pipettes capable of delivering 5  $\mu$ L to 50  $\mu$ L or 25  $\mu$ L to 200  $\mu$ L
3. Reagent Reservoirs
4. Polypropylene Microfuge Tubes
5. Rubber Bands
6. Aluminum Foil
7. Absorbent Pads
8. Laboratory Vortex Mixer
9. Sonicator (Branson Ultrasonic Cleaner Model #B200 or equivalent)
10. Titer Plate Shaker (Lab-Line Instruments Model #4625 or equivalent)
11. Luminex 200™, HTS, FLEXMAP 3D®, or MAGPIX® with xPONENT® software by Luminex Corporation
12. Automatic Plate Washer for magnetic beads (BioTek® 405 LS and 405 TS, EMD Millipore Catalog #40-094, #40-095, #40-096, #40-097 or equivalent) or Handheld Magnetic Separation Block (EMD Millipore Catalog #40-285 or equivalent).

Note: If a plate washer or handheld magnetic separation block for magnetic beads is not available, one can use a microtiter filter plate (EMD Millipore Catalog #MX-PLATE) to run the assay using a Vacuum Filtration Unit (EMD Millipore Vacuum Manifold Catalog #MSVMHTS00 or equivalent with EMD Millipore Vacuum Pump Catalog #WP6111560 or equivalent).

## **SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**

- All blood components and biological materials should be handled as potentially hazardous. Follow universal precautions as established by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration when handling and disposing of infectious agents.
- Sodium Azide or Proclin has been added to some reagents as a preservative. Although the concentrations are low, Sodium Azide and Proclin may react with lead and copper plumbing to form highly explosive metal azides. Dispose of unused contents and waste in accordance with international, federal, state, and local regulations.

## TECHNICAL GUIDELINES

To obtain reliable and reproducible results, the operator should carefully read this entire manual and fully understand all aspects of each assay step before running the assay. The following notes should be reviewed and understood before the assay is set up.

- FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES.
- Do not use beyond the expiration date on the label.
- Do not mix or substitute reagents with those from other lots or sources.
- The Antibody-Immobilized Beads are light sensitive and must be protected from light at all times. Cover the assay plate containing beads with opaque plate lid or aluminum foil during all incubation steps.
- It is important to allow all reagents to warm to room temperature (20-25°C) before use in the assay.
- Incomplete washing can adversely affect the assay outcome. All washing must be performed with the Wash Buffer provided.
- The standards prepared by serial dilution must be used within 1 hour of preparation. Discard any unused standards except the standard stock which may be stored at  $\leq -20^{\circ}\text{C}$  for 1 month and at  $\leq -80^{\circ}\text{C}$  for greater than one month.
- If samples fall outside the dynamic range of the assay, further dilute the samples with the appropriate diluent and repeat the assay.
- Any unused mixed Antibody-Immobilized Beads may be stored in the Mixing Bottle at 2-8°C for up to 1 month.
- During the preparation of the standard curve, make certain to mix the higher concentration well before making the next dilution. Use a new tip with each dilution.
- The plate should be read immediately after the assay is finished. If, however, the plate cannot be read immediately, seal the plate, cover with aluminum foil or an opaque lid, and store the plate at 2-8°C for up to 24 hours. Prior to reading, agitate the plate on the plate shaker at room temperature for 10 minutes. Delay in reading a plate may result in decreased sensitivity for some analytes.
- The titer plate shaker should be set at a speed to provide maximum orbital mixing without splashing of liquid outside the wells. For the recommended plate shaker, this would be a setting of 5-7 which is approximately 500-800 rpm.
- Ensure that the needle probe is clean. This may be achieved by sonication and/or alcohol flushes.
- When reading the assay on Luminex 200™, adjust probe height according to the protocols recommended by Luminex to the kit solid plate or to the recommended EMD Millipore filter plates using 3 alignment discs. When reading the assay on MAGPIX®, adjust probe height according to the protocols recommended by Luminex to the kit solid plate or to the recommended EMD Millipore filter plates using 2 alignment discs. When reading the assay on FLEXMAP 3D®, adjust probe height according to the protocols recommended by Luminex to the kit solid plate using 1 alignment disc. For FLEXMAP 3D® when using the solid plate in the kit, the final resuspension should be with 150  $\mu\text{L}$  Sheath Fluid in each well and 75  $\mu\text{L}$  should be aspirated.
- For cell culture supernatants or tissue extraction, use the culture or extraction medium as the matrix solution in background, standard curve and control wells. If samples are diluted in assay buffer, use the assay buffer as matrix.

## TECHNICAL GUIDELINES (continued)

- For serum/plasma samples that require further dilution beyond 1:4, use the Serum Matrix provided in the kit.
- Vortex all reagents well before adding to plate.

## SAMPLE COLLECTION AND STORAGE

### A. Preparation of Serum Samples:

- Allow the blood to clot for at least 30 minutes before centrifugation for 10 minutes at 1000xg. Remove serum and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at  $\leq -20^{\circ}\text{C}$ .
- Avoid multiple (>2) freeze/thaw cycles.
- When using frozen samples, it is recommended to thaw the samples completely, mix well by vortexing and centrifuge prior to use in the assay to remove particulates.
- Serum samples should be diluted 1:4 in the Serum Matrix provided in the kit. For example, in a tube, 15  $\mu\text{L}$  of serum may be combined with 45  $\mu\text{L}$  of Serum Matrix. When further dilution beyond 1:4 is required, use Serum Matrix as the diluent.

### B. Preparation of Plasma Samples:

- Plasma collection using EDTA as an anti-coagulant is recommended. Centrifuge for 10 minutes at 1000xg within 30 minutes of blood collection. Remove plasma and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at  $\leq -20^{\circ}\text{C}$ .
- Avoid multiple (>2) freeze/thaw cycles.
- When using frozen samples, it is recommended to thaw the samples completely, mix well by vortexing and centrifuge prior to use in the assay to remove particulates.
- Plasma samples should be diluted 1:4 in the Serum Matrix provided in the kit. For example, in a tube, 15  $\mu\text{L}$  of plasma may be combined with 45  $\mu\text{L}$  of Serum Matrix. When further dilution beyond 1:4 is required, use Serum Matrix as the diluent.

## NOTE:

- A maximum of 25  $\mu\text{L}$  per well of diluted serum or plasma can be used.
- All samples must be stored in polypropylene tubes. **DO NOT STORE SAMPLES IN GLASS.**
- Avoid debris, lipids and cells when using samples with gross hemolysis or lipemia.
- Care must be taken when using heparin as an anti-coagulant since an excess of heparin will provide falsely high values. Use no more than 10 IU heparin per mL of blood collected.



## PREPARATION OF REAGENTS FOR IMMUNOASSAY

### A. Preparation of Antibody-Immobilized Beads

For individual vials of beads, sonicate each antibody-bead vial for 30 seconds; vortex for 1 minute. Add 150  $\mu$ L from each antibody-bead vial to the Mixing Bottle and bring final volume to 3.0 mL with Assay Buffer. Vortex the mixed beads well. Unused portion may be stored at 2-8°C for up to 1 month. (Note: Due to the composition of magnetic beads, you may notice a slight color in the bead solution. This does not affect the performance of the beads or the kit.)

Example 1: When using 2 antibody-immobilized beads, add 150  $\mu$ L from each of the 2 bead vials to the Mixing Bottle. Then add 2.70 mL Assay Buffer.

Example 2: When using 9 antibody-immobilized beads, add 150  $\mu$ L from each of the 9 bead vials to the Mixing Bottle. Then add 1.65 mL Assay Buffer.

### B. Preparation of Quality Controls

Before use, reconstitute Quality Control 1 and Quality Control 2 with 250  $\mu$ L deionized water. Invert the vial several times to mix and vortex. Allow the vial to sit for 5-10 minutes. Unused portion may be stored at  $\leq -20^{\circ}\text{C}$  for up to 1 month.

### C. Preparation of Wash Buffer

Bring the 10X Wash Buffer to room temperature and mix to bring all salts into solution. Dilute 60 mL of 10X Wash Buffer (two bottles) with 540 mL deionized water. Store the unused portion at 2-8°C for up to one month.

### D. Preparation of Serum Matrix

**This step is required for serum or plasma samples only.**

Add 1.5 mL deionized water to the bottle containing lyophilized Serum Matrix. Mix well. Allow at least 5 minutes for complete reconstitution. Then add 1.5 mL Assay Buffer. Leftover reconstituted Serum Matrix should be stored at  $\leq -20^{\circ}\text{C}$  for up to 1 month.

### E. Preparation of Rat Vascular Injury Magnetic Bead Panel 1 Standard

1.) Prior to use, reconstitute the Rat Vascular Injury Magnetic Bead Panel 1 Standard with 250  $\mu$ L deionized water. Refer to table below for analyte concentrations. Invert the vial several times to mix. Vortex the vial for 10 seconds. Allow the vial to sit for 5-10 minutes. This will be used as Standard 7; the unused portion may be stored at  $\leq -20^{\circ}\text{C}$  for up to 1 month.

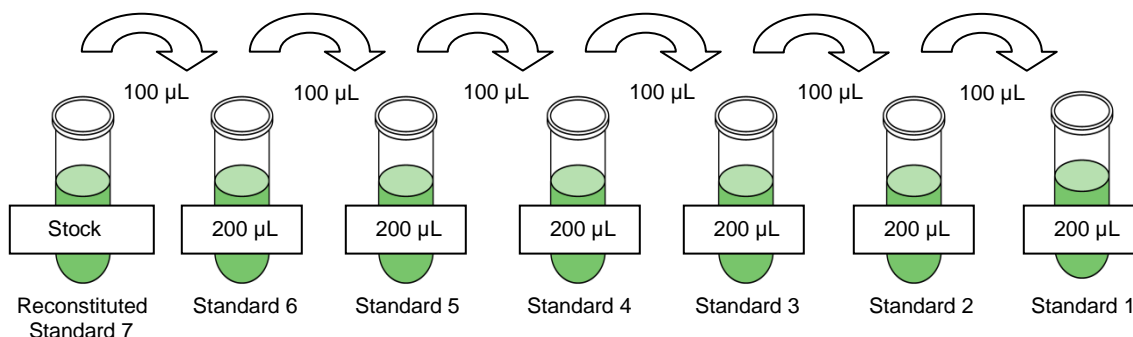
#### 2). Preparation of Working Standards

Label 6 polypropylene microfuge tubes Standard 1 through Standard 6. Add 200  $\mu$ L of Assay Buffer to each of the 6 tubes. Prepare serial dilutions by adding 100  $\mu$ L of the reconstituted Standard 7 to the Standard 6 tube, mix well and transfer 100  $\mu$ L of Standard 6 to the Standard 5 tube, mix well and transfer 100  $\mu$ L of Standard 5 to the Standard 4 tube, mix well and transfer 100  $\mu$ L of Standard 4 to the Standard 3 tube, mix well and transfer 100  $\mu$ L of Standard 3 to the Standard 2

tube, mix well and transfer 100  $\mu$ L of Standard 2 to the Standard 1 tube and mix well. The 0 ng/mL standard (Background) will be Assay Buffer.

Standard #	Volume of Deionized Water to Add	Volume of Standard to Add
Standard 7	250 $\mu$ L	0

Standard #	Volume of Assay Buffer to Add	Volume of Standard to Add
Standard 6	200 $\mu$ L	100 $\mu$ L of Standard 7
Standard 5	200 $\mu$ L	100 $\mu$ L of Standard 6
Standard 4	200 $\mu$ L	100 $\mu$ L of Standard 5
Standard 3	200 $\mu$ L	100 $\mu$ L of Standard 4
Standard 2	200 $\mu$ L	100 $\mu$ L of Standard 3
Standard 1	200 $\mu$ L	100 $\mu$ L of Standard 2



Standard	VEGF (ng/mL)	TNF $\alpha$ (ng/mL)	GRO/KC/CIN C-1, tPAI-1, IL-6 and MCP-1 (ng/mL)	TIMP-1 (ng/mL)	CTGF (ng/mL)	CAV-1 (ng/mL)
Standard 1	0.02	0.03	0.14	0.21	0.27	1.37
Standard 2	0.06	0.08	0.41	0.62	0.82	4.12
Standard 3	0.19	0.25	1.23	1.85	2.47	12.35
Standard 4	0.56	0.74	3.70	5.56	7.41	37.04
Standard 5	1.67	2.22	11.11	16.67	22.22	111.11
Standard 6	5	6.7	33.33	50	66.67	333.33
Standard 7	15	20	100	150	200	1000

## IMMUNOASSAY PROCEDURE

- Prior to beginning this assay, it is imperative to read this protocol completely and to thoroughly understand the Technical Guidelines.
- Allow all reagents to warm to room temperature (20-25°C) before use in the assay.
- Diagram the placement of Standards [0 (Background), Standards 1 through 7, Controls 1 and 2, and Samples on Well Map Worksheet in a vertical configuration. (Note: Most instruments will only read the 96-well plate vertically by default.) It is recommended to run the assay in duplicate.
- If using a filter plate, set the filter plate on a plate holder at all times during reagent dispensing and incubation steps so that the bottom of the plate does not touch any surface.

1. Add 200  $\mu$ L of Assay Buffer into each well of the plate. Seal and mix on a plate shaker for 10 minutes at room temperature (20-25°C).
2. Decant Assay Buffer and remove the residual amount from all wells by inverting the plate and tapping it smartly onto absorbent towels several times.
3. Add 25  $\mu$ L of each Standard or Control into the appropriate wells. Assay Buffer should be used for 0 ng/mL standard (Background).
4. Add 25  $\mu$ L of Assay Buffer to the sample wells.
5. Add 25  $\mu$ L of appropriate matrix solution to the background, standards, and control wells. When assaying serum or plasma, use the Serum Matrix provided with the kit.
6. Add 25  $\mu$ L of diluted Sample into the appropriate wells.
7. Vortex Mixing Bottle and add 25  $\mu$ L of the Mixed Beads to each well. (Note: During addition of Beads, shake bead bottle intermittently to avoid settling.)
8. Seal the plate with a plate sealer. Wrap the plate with foil and incubate with agitation on a plate shaker for 16-18 hours at 2-8°C. (Alternatively, incubate for 2 hours at room temperature (20-25°C).)

Add 200  $\mu$ L Assay Buffer per well



Shake 10 min, RT


Decant

- Add 25  $\mu$ L Standard or Control to appropriate wells
- Add 25  $\mu$ L Assay Buffer to background and sample wells
- Add 25  $\mu$ L appropriate matrix solution to background, standards, and control wells
- Add 25  $\mu$ L diluted Samples to sample wells
- Add 25  $\mu$ L Beads to each well




Incubate 16-18 hours at 2-8°C

9. Gently remove well contents and wash plate 3 times following instructions listed in the **PLATE WASHING** section.
10. Add 50  $\mu\text{L}$  of Detection Antibodies into each well. (Note: Allow the Detection Antibodies to warm to room temperature prior to addition.)
11. Seal, cover with foil and incubate with agitation on a plate shaker for 1 hour at room temperature (20-25°C).
12. Gently remove well contents and wash plate 3 times following instructions listed in the **PLATE WASHING** section.
13. Add 50  $\mu\text{L}$  Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin to each well.
14. Seal, cover with foil and incubate with agitation on a plate shaker for 30 minutes at room temperature (20-25°C).
15. Gently remove well contents and wash plate 3 times following instructions listed in the **PLATE WASHING** section.
16. Add 150  $\mu\text{L}$  of Sheath Fluid (or Drive Fluid if using MAGPIX<sup>®</sup>) to all wells. Resuspend the beads on a plate shaker for 5 minutes.
17. Run plate on Luminex 200<sup>™</sup>, HTS, FLEXMAP 3D<sup>®</sup> or MAGPIX<sup>®</sup> with xPONENT<sup>®</sup> software.
18. Save and analyze the Median Fluorescent Intensity (MFI) data using a 5-parameter logistic or spline curve-fitting method for calculating analyte concentrations in samples. (Note: For diluted samples, multiply the calculated concentration by the dilution factor.)


 Remove well contents and wash 3X with 200  $\mu\text{L}$  Wash Buffer


Add 50  $\mu\text{L}$  Detection Antibodies per well

 Incubate 1 hour at RT

 Remove well contents and wash 3X with 200  $\mu\text{L}$  Wash Buffer

Add 50  $\mu\text{L}$  Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin per well

 Incubate for 30 minutes at RT

 Remove well contents and wash 3X with 200  $\mu\text{L}$  Wash Buffer

Add 150  $\mu\text{L}$  Sheath Fluid or Drive Fluid per well

Read on Luminex (100  $\mu\text{L}$ , 50 beads per bead set)

## PLATE WASHING

If using a solid plate, use either a handheld magnet or magnetic plate washer.

### 1.) Solid Plate

If using a solid plate, use either a handheld magnet or magnetic plate washer.

- A.) Handheld magnet (**EMD Millipore Catalog #40-285**) - Rest plate on magnet for 60 seconds to allow complete settling of magnetic beads. Remove well contents by gently decanting the plate in an appropriate waste receptacle and gently tapping on absorbent pads to remove residual liquid. Wash plate with 200  $\mu$ L of Wash Buffer by removing plate from magnet, adding Wash Buffer, shaking for 30 seconds, reattaching to magnet, letting beads settle for 60 seconds and removing well contents as previously described after each wash. Repeat wash steps as recommended in Assay Procedure.
- B.) Magnetic plate washer (**EMD Millipore Catalog #40-094, #40-095, #40-096 and #40-097**) - Please refer to specific automatic plate washer manual for appropriate equipment settings. Please note that after the final aspiration, there will be approximately 25  $\mu$ L of residual wash buffer in each well. This is expected when using the BioTek plate washer and this volume does not need to be aspirated from the plate.

**If using an automatic plate washer other than BioTek<sup>®</sup> 405 LS or 405 TS, please refer to the manufacturer's recommendations for programming instructions.**

### 2.) Filter Plate (EMD Millipore Catalog #MX-PLATE)

If using a filter plate, use a vacuum filtration manifold to remove well contents. Wash plate with 200  $\mu$ L/well of Wash Buffer, removing Wash Buffer by vacuum filtration after each wash. Repeat wash steps as recommended in the Assay Procedure.

## EQUIPMENT SETTINGS

Luminex 200<sup>™</sup>, HTS, FLEXMAP 3D<sup>®</sup>, and MAGPIX<sup>®</sup> with xPONENT<sup>®</sup> software:

These specifications are for the Luminex 200<sup>™</sup>, Luminex HTS, Luminex FLEXMAP 3D<sup>®</sup>, and Luminex MAGPIX<sup>®</sup> with xPONENT<sup>®</sup> software. Luminex instruments with other software (e.g. MasterPlex<sup>®</sup>, STarStation, LiquiChip, Bio-Plex Manager<sup>™</sup>, LABScan<sup>™</sup> 100) would need to follow instrument instructions for gate settings and additional specifications from the vendors for reading Luminex magnetic beads.

For magnetic bead assays, the Luminex 200<sup>™</sup> and HTS instruments must be calibrated with the xPONENT<sup>®</sup> 3.1 compatible Calibration Kit (EMD Millipore Catalog #40-275) and performance verified with the Performance Verification Kit (EMD Millipore Catalog #40-276). The Luminex FLEXMAP 3D<sup>®</sup> instrument must be calibrated with the FLEXMAP 3D<sup>®</sup> Calibrator Kit (EMD Millipore Catalog #40-028) and performance verified with the FLEXMAP 3D<sup>®</sup> Performance Verification Kit (EMD Millipore Catalog #40-029). The Luminex MAGPIX<sup>®</sup> instrument must be calibrated with the MAGPIX<sup>®</sup> Calibration Kit (EMD Millipore Catalog #40-049) and performance verified with the MAGPIX<sup>®</sup> Performance Verification Kit (EMD Millipore Catalog #40-050).

**NOTE: When setting up a Protocol using the xPONENT<sup>®</sup> software, you must select MagPlex as the Bead Type in the Acquisition settings.**

## EQUIPMENT SETTINGS (continued)

**NOTE: These assays cannot be run on any instruments using Luminex IS 2.3 or Luminex 1.7 software.**

The Luminex probe height must be adjusted to the plate provided in the kit. Please use Catalog #MAG-PLATE, if additional plates are required for this purpose.

Events:	50, per bead	
Sample Size:	100 $\mu$ L	
Gate Settings:	8,000 to 15,000	
Reporter Gain:	Default (low PMT)	
Time Out:	60 seconds	
Bead Set:	Customizable 9-Plex Beads	
	CAV-1	15
	CTGF	26
	IL-6	35
	MCP-1	56
	TNF $\alpha$	65
	GRO/KC/CINC-1	72
	TIMP-1	74
	tPAI-1	75
	VEGF	76

## QUALITY CONTROLS

The ranges for each analyte in Quality Control 1 and 2 are provided on the card insert or can be located at the EMD Millipore Corporation website

[www.millipore.com/techlibrary/index.do](http://www.millipore.com/techlibrary/index.do) using the catalog number as the keyword.

## ASSAY CHARACTERISTICS

### Cross-Reactivity

There was no or negligible cross-reactivity between the antibodies for an analyte and any of the other analytes in this panel.

### Assay Sensitivities (minimum detectable concentrations, ng/mL)

Minimum Detectable Concentration (MinDC) is calculated using MILLIPLEX<sup>®</sup> Analyst 5.1. It measures the true limits of detection for an assay by mathematically determining what the empirical MinDC would be if an infinite number of standard concentrations were run for the assay under the same conditions.

Analyte	Overnight Protocol (n = 8 Assays)		2 Hour Protocol (n = 5 Assays)	
	MinDC (ng/mL)	MinDC+2SD (ng/mL)	MinDC (ng/mL)	MinDC+2SD (ng/mL)
CAV-1	0.422	1.928	0.352	0.504
CTGF	0.116	0.276	0.105	0.243
IL-6	0.086	0.156	0.098	0.180
MCP-1	0.078	0.222	0.077	0.204
TNF $\alpha$	0.007	0.016	0.008	0.019
GRO/KC/CINC-1	0.041	0.076	0.066	0.133
TIMP-1	0.160	0.286	0.232	0.570
tPAI-1	0.086	0.178	0.076	0.152
VEGF	0.011	0.026	0.005	0.014

### Precision

Intra-assay precision is generated from the mean of the %CV's from 8 reportable results across two different concentrations of analytes in a single assay. Inter-assay precision is generated from the mean of the %CV's across two different concentrations of analytes across 8 different assays.

Analyte	Overnight Protocol		2 Hour Protocol
	Intra-assay %CV	Inter-assay %CV	Intra-assay %CV
CAV-1	<10	<20	<5
CTGF	<5	<10	<5
IL-6	<5	<10	<5
MCP-1	<10	<10	<5
TNF $\alpha$	<5	<15	<5
GRO/KC/CINC-1	<5	<15	<5
TIMP-1	<5	<10	<5
tPAI-1	<10	<15	<5
VEGF	<5	<10	<5

## ASSAY CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

### Accuracy

Spike Recovery: The data represent mean percent recovery of spiked standards ranging from low, medium, and high concentration in serum matrices (n=9).

Analyte	Overnight Protocol	2 Hour Protocol
	% Recovery in Serum Matrix	% Recovery in Serum Matrix
CAV-1	105	100
CTGF	108	101
IL-6	105	103
MCP-1	108	104
TNF $\alpha$	97	93
GRO/KC/CINC-1	108	104
TIMP-1	105	105
tPAI-1	100	102
VEGF	107	104



## TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

Problem	Probable Cause	Solution
Insufficient bead count	<p>Plate washer aspirate height set too low</p> <p>Bead mix prepared inappropriately</p> <p>Samples cause interference due to particulate matter or viscosity</p> <p>Probe height not adjusted correctly</p>	<p>Adjust aspiration height according to manufacturers' instructions.</p> <p>Sonicate bead vials and vortex just prior to adding to bead mix bottle according to protocol. Agitate bead mix intermittently in reservoir while pipetting this into the plate.</p> <p>See above. Also sample probe may need to be cleaned with alcohol flushes, back flushes and washes; or, if needed, probe should be removed and sonicated.</p> <p>When reading the assay on Luminex 200™, adjust probe height to the kit solid plate or to the recommended EMD Millipore filter plates using 3 alignment discs. When reading the assay on MAGPIX®, adjust probe height to the kit solid plate or to the recommended EMD Millipore filter plates using 2 alignment discs. When reading the assay on FLEXMAP 3D®, adjust probe height to the kit solid plate using 1 alignment disc. For FLEXMAP 3D® when using the solid plate in the kit, the final resuspension should be with 150 µL Sheath Fluid in each well and 75 µL should be aspirated.</p>
Background is too high	<p>Background wells were contaminated</p> <p>Matrix used has endogenous analyte or interference</p> <p>Insufficient washes</p>	<p>Avoid cross-well contamination by using sealer appropriately and pipetting with multichannel pipettes without touching reagent in plate.</p> <p>Check matrix ingredients for cross-reacting components (e.g. interleukin modified tissue culture medium).</p> <p>Increase number of washes.</p>
Beads not in region or gate	<p>Luminex instrument not calibrated correctly or recently</p> <p>Gate settings not adjusted correctly</p> <p>Wrong bead regions in protocol template</p> <p>Incorrect sample type used</p> <p>Instrument not washed or primed</p> <p>Beads were exposed to light</p>	<p>Calibrate Luminex instrument based on manufacturer's instructions, at least once a week or if temperature has changed by &gt;3°C.</p> <p>Some Luminex instruments (e.g. Bio-Plex®) require different gate settings than those described in the kit protocol. Use instrument default settings.</p> <p>Check kit protocol for correct bead regions or analyte selection.</p> <p>Samples containing organic solvents or if highly viscous should be diluted or dialyzed as required.</p> <p>Prime the Luminex instrument 4 times to rid it of air bubbles, wash 4 times with sheath fluid or water if there is any remnant alcohol or sanitizing liquid.</p> <p>Keep plate and bead mix covered with dark lid or aluminum foil during all incubation</p>

		steps.
Signal for whole plate is same as background	Incorrect or no Detection Antibody was added  Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin was not added	Add appropriate Detection Antibody and continue.  Add Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin according to protocol. If Detection Antibody has already been removed, sensitivity may be low.
Low signal for standard curve	Detection Antibody may have been removed prior to adding Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin  Incubations done at inappropriate temperatures, timings or agitation	May need to repeat assay if desired sensitivity not achieved.  Assay conditions need to be checked.
Signals too high, standard curves are saturated	Calibration target value set too high  Plate incubation was too long with standard curve and samples	With some Luminex instruments (e.g. Bio-Plex <sup>®</sup> ) default target setting for RP1 calibrator is set at high PMT. Use low target value for calibration and reanalyze plate.  Use shorter incubation time.
Sample readings are out of range	Samples contain no or below detectable levels of analyte  Samples contain analyte concentrations higher than highest standard point  Standard curve was saturated at higher end of curve	If below detectable levels, it may be possible to use higher sample volume. Check with technical support for appropriate protocol modifications.  Samples may require dilution and reanalysis for just that particular analyte.  See above.
High variation in samples and/or standards	Multichannel pipette may not be calibrated  Plate washing was not uniform  Samples may have high particulate matter or other interfering substances  Plate agitation was insufficient  Cross-well contamination	Calibrate pipettes.  Confirm all reagents are removed completely in all wash steps.  See above.  Plate should be agitated during all incubation steps using an orbital plate shaker at a speed where beads are in constant motion without causing splashing.  Check when reusing plate sealer that no reagent has touched sealer. Care should be taken when using same pipette tips that are used for reagent additions and that pipette tip does not touch reagent in plate.
<b>FOR FILTER PLATES ONLY</b>		
Filter plate will not vacuum	Vacuum pressure is insufficient  Samples have insoluble	Increase vacuum pressure such that 0.2 mL buffer can be suctioned in 3-5 seconds.  Centrifuge samples just prior to assay set-up

	particles	and use supernatant.
	High lipid concentration	After centrifugation, remove lipid layer and use supernatant.
Plate leaked	Vacuum pressure too high	Adjust vacuum pressure such that 0.2 mL buffer can be suctioned in 3-5 seconds. May need to transfer contents to a new (blocked) plate and continue.
	Plate set directly on table or absorbent towels during incubations or reagent additions	Set plate on plate holder or raised edge so bottom of filter is not touching any surface.
	Insufficient blotting of filter plate bottom causing wicking	Blot the bottom of the filter plate well with absorbent towels after each wash step.
	Pipette touching plate filter during additions	Pipette to the side of plate.
	Probe height not adjusted correctly	Adjust probe to 3 alignment discs in well H6.
	Sample too viscous	May need to dilute sample.

## REPLACEMENT REAGENTS

## Catalog #

Rat Vascular Injury Panel 1 Standard	RV1-8026
Rat Vascular Injury Panel 1 Quality Control 1 and 2	RV1-6026
Serum Matrix	MXMSM-6
Rat Vascular Injury Panel 1 Detection Antibodies	RV1-1026
Streptavidin-Phycoerythrin	MC-SAPE4
Assay Buffer	L-AB
Set of two 96-Well plates with sealers	MAG-PLATE
10X Wash Buffer	L-WB

## Antibody-Immobilized Magnetic Beads

<u>Analyte</u>	<u>Bead #</u>	<u>Cat. #</u>
CAV-1	15	RCVLN-MAG
CTGF	26	RCTGF-MAG
IL-6	35	RIL6-MAG
MCP-1	56	RMMCP1-MAG
TNF- $\alpha$	65	RMTNFA-MAG
GRO/KC/CINC-1	72	RVIGRKC-MAG
TIMP-1	74	RTIMP1-MAG
tPAI-1	75	RPAI1T-MAG
VEGF	76	RVEGF-MAG

## ORDERING INFORMATION

### To place an order:

To assure the clarity of your custom kit order, please FAX the following information to our customer service department:

Include:

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- Customer account number
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- Quantity of kits
- Selection of MILLIPLEX<sup>®</sup> Analytes

FAX: (636) 441-8050

Toll-Free US: (866) 441-8400  
(636) 441-8400

Mail Orders: EMD Millipore Corporation  
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St. Charles, Missouri 63304 U.S.A.

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Outside North America, contact your local office

<http://www.emdmillipore.com/offices>

### WELL MAP

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
A	0 ng/mL Standard (Background)	Standard 4	QC-1 Control									
B	0 ng/mL Standard (Background)	Standard 4	QC-1 Control									
C	Standard 1	Standard 5	QC-2 Control									
D	Standard 1	Standard 5	QC-2 Control									
E	Standard 2	Standard 6	Sample 1									
F	Standard 2	Standard 6	Sample 1									
G	Standard 3	Standard 7	Sample 2									
H	Standard 3	Standard 7	Sample 2									